

About the Book

इस किताब को अग्रवाल एग्जामकार्ट के विशेषज्ञों की टीम ने तैयार किया है। इस पुस्तक को लाने में हमारी टीम ने बहुत मेहनत की है। टीम ने पिछले वर्षों के प्रामाणिक प्रश्नपत्रों को एकत्र किया, अलग-अलग प्रश्नों को विषयवार और टॉपिकवार किया और उनके आधार पर विशेषज्ञों ने प्रश्न कोश तैयार किया तथा फिर प्रत्येक प्रश्न का विस्तृत हल प्रदान किया। इस पुस्तक के हल उन विशेषज्ञों द्वारा लिखे गए हैं जिनके पास विशाल शिक्षण अनुभव और छात्रों के चयन का सराहनीय ट्रैक रिकॉर्ड है। यही कारण है कि प्रत्येक समाधान व्यापक, सटीक और समझने में आसान है। कई बार इन प्रश्नों को समान प्रारूपों में दोहराया जाता है और इसलिए इन महत्वपूर्ण प्रश्नों को हल करने से निश्चित रूप से आपको अपनी परीक्षा की तैयारी करने और अच्छे अंक प्राप्त करने में मदद मिलेगी।

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Chapter 1

Common Errors

- Parts of the following sentence have given as options. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer. The software detected an anomaly cause by the virus.
(A) cause by the virus
(B) No error
(C) an anomaly
(D) The software detected
- Identify the segment in the sentence which contains the grammatical error from the given options:
Millions of jews lost (A)/their kith and kin (B)/in Hitler concentration camps.(C)/No error (D)
- The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Who do you think / who stole / the painting / from the museum?
(A) who stole
(B) the painting
(C) from the museum
(D) Who do you think
- Select the most appropriate word to fill in the blank:
Biosphere is a narrow zone of the earth where land, water and air with each other to support life.
(A) collapse (B) interact
(C) surround (D) impose
- From the given options, identify the segment in the sentence which contains the grammatical error.
The speech he made on his visit to our college concerning our society's needs have bothered me greatly.
(A) The speech (B) have bothered
(C) concerning our (D) on his visit.
- From the given options, identify the segment in the sentence which contains the grammatical error.
She was known for her skills in dance and music; she is equal proficient in the allied art of painting.
(A) skills in dance
(B) allied art of painting
(C) was known
(D) she is equal proficient
- From the given options, identify the segment in the sentence which contains the grammatical error.
Pragati Maidan is the famous international exhibition centre at Delhi for trade fairs.
(A) for trade fairs
(B) Pragati Maidan is
(C) at Delhi
(D) the famous
- Identify the segment in the sentence which contains the grammatical error from the given options :
The day he won the Grammy Award was red letter day in the singer's life.
(A) in the singer's life
(B) he won
(C) The day
(D) was red letter day.
- From the given options, Identify the segment In the sentence which contains the grammatical error.
"You will come to my sister's weeding tomorrow isn't it?
You will come (A)/to my sister's wedding tomorrow. (B)/isn't it ? (C)/No error (D)
- Select the option that contains a grammatical error in the underlined portion.
I had take a vow of celibacy which was a part of my training while I was in the temple.
(A) I had take a vow of celibacy which was a part of my training while I was in the temple.
(B) I had take a vow of celibacy, which was a part of my training while I was in the temple.
(C) I had take a vow of celibacy, which was a part of my training while I was in the temple.
(D) I had take a vow of celibacy, which was a part of my training while I was in the temple.
- The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The policeman / walk along the / road when I saw / a body in the gutter.
(A) a body in the gutter
(B) road when I saw
(C) walk along the
(D) The policeman
- Parts of the following sentence have been given as options. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
Last night I played my guitar loudly and the neighbours complain.
(A) No error
(B) Last night I played
(C) my guitar loudly
(D) and the neighbours complain
- Parts of the following sentence have been given as options. Select the option that contains an error.
Sam shall went to/the office tomorrow to/get back his original documents/lying with the staff.
(A) the office tomorrow to
(B) Sam shall went to
(C) get back his original documents
(D) lying with the staff
- The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
For the last three years/Sunita had been running / private hostels near this university.
(A) For the last three years
(B) No error
(C) private hostels near this university
(D) Sunita had been running

15. Parts of the following sentence have been underlined and given as options. Select the option that contains an error.
They eating three apples after last night's dinner.
(A) eating (B) three
(C) night's (D) after
16. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The teacher will / certainly help you / if you will / ask her.
(A) The teacher will
(B) certainly help you
(C) ask her
(D) if you will
17. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The peon/was brought/a cup of/coffee for Naina.
(A) The peon (B) was brought
(C) a cup of (D) coffee for Naina
18. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
These children / are attended / yoga classes / regularly.
(A) regularly
(B) These children
(C) yoga classes
(D) are attended
19. From the given options, identify the segment in the sentence which contains the grammatical error.
When questioned about their laziness, almost all the boys gave the same excuse, 'We all are tired'.
(A) 'We all are tired'
(B) almost all the boys
(C) about their laziness
(D) When questioned
20. Parts of the following sentence have been given as options. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
How foolish I was to have believe that young woman !
(A) How foolish I was
(B) to have believe
(C) that young woman
(D) No error
21. Parts of the following sentence have been underlined and given as options. Select the option that contains an error.
We all know that sugar and honey tastes very sweet.
(A) tastes (B) all
(C) know (D) sweet
22. Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a spelling error. Select the option that rectifies the error.
Superbugs are the bacteria that have acquired resistance to several types of antibiotics either through genetic mutation or through buildup resistance over time.
(A) resistance (B) acquired
(C) mutation (D) bacaria
23. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
I visit my school / once a year / to meeting / my former teachers.
(A) once a year
(B) I visit my school
(C) my former teachers
(D) to meeting
24. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
Mrs. Meera and family\received his letter/a week ago.
(A) received his letter
(B) no error
(C) a week ago
(D) Mrs. Meena and family
25. The following sentence has been spilt into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Very few animals / was / as faithful as / the dog
(A) Very few animals
(B) Was
(C) As faithful as
(D) The dog
26. The following sentence has been spilt into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
What does kangaroos / eat? / They are quite strong.
(A) Eat
(B) What does kangaroos
(C) Quite strong
(D) They are
27. The sentence below is divided into four segments. select the option that has an error of tense.
I think India will win the 20-20 cricket match.
(A) No error
(B) I think
(C) India will win
(D) The 20-20 cricket match
28. Parts of the following sentence have been given as options. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
The old man think his younger daughter was mocking him.
(A) The old man think
(B) was mocking him
(C) his younger daughter
(D) No error
29. Parts of the following sentence have been given as options. Select the option that contains an error.
The instructions on the bottle say - open the packet and poured the contents into hot water.
(A) say - open the packet and
(B) The instructions on the bottle
(C) into hot water
(D) poured the contents
30. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part tha contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer
The shield used by the / warrior have been one / made of strong iron
(A) No error
(B) made of strong iron
(C) warrior have been one
(D) The shield used by the
31. Parts of the following sentence have been given as options. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
He goes to Shimla every year but this year he was going to Goa.

- (A) he goes to Shimla every year
 (B) No error
 (C) he was going to Goa
 (D) but this year
32. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
 Her bookstore flourished / because / she picks / a good location.
 (A) because
 (B) she picks
 (C) Her bookstore flourished
 (D) a good location
33. Parts of the following sentence have been given as options. Select the option that contains an error.
 Dad, will you get me a box of crayons/ on your way home ? Teacher told us yesterday. "You must bring/ a box of crayons with you to the drawing class./ Or I will not be let you stay in the class."
 (A) on your way home ? Teacher said yesterday. "You must bring
 (B) Or I will not be let you stay in the class".
 (C) a box of crayons with you to the drawing class
 (D) Dad, will you get me a box of crayons
34. The following sentences has been split into three segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
 Don't panic! We won't leave you alone in trouble/when you travelling with us.
 (A) Don't panic!
 (B) when you travelling with us.
 (C) We won't leave you alone in trouble
 (D) No error
35. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
 The coach said / that Shreyas / had practicing on / the lawn tennis court.
 (A) the lawn tennis court
 (B) had practicing on
 (C) The coach said
 (D) that Shreyas
36. The given sentence is divided into three segments. Select the option that has the segment with a grammatical error. If there is no error, select 'no error' as your answer.
 It will take / 5 minutes to / preparing a cup of tea.
 (A) No error
 (B) Preparing a cup of tea
 (C) It will take
 (D) 5 minutes to
37. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error.
 Select the part that contains the error from the given options
 Tomorrow is a/holiday for all/except me as/ I will writing my exam.
 (A) I will writing my exam
 (B) holiday for all
 (C) Tomorrow is a
 (D) except me as
38. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error.
 Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
 The immense talent / we having at our disposal is / impressive to say the least.
 (A) we having at our disposal is
 (B) impressive to say the least
 (C) The immense talent
 (D) No error
39. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
 They have / always take/ an hour's walk/ before breakfast.
 (A) always take
 (B) They have
 (C) an hour's walk
 (D) before breakfast
40. Parts of the following sentence have been given as options. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
 Her knowledge of English are very limited.
 (A) Her
 (B) No Error
 (C) knowledge of English
 (D) very limited
41. The following sentence has been split into four segments, Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
 The patient / look / a little more cheerful / this morning
 (A) a little more cheerful
 (B) The patient
 (C) this morning
 (D) look
42. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
 He said that / he had want / to read a / novel by Enid Blyton.
 (A) novel by Enid Blyton
 (B) he had want
 (C) He said that
 (D) to read a
43. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
 I hope / you will / helped me / this weekend.
 (A) this weekend (B) you will
 (C) I hope (D) helped me
44. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
 Smith will/be learning/French when/they are arriving.
 (A) they are arriving
 (B) French when
 (C) Smith will
 (D) be learning
45. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error.
 Select the part that contains the error from the given options.
 I will driving/ you to / the station/ in the morning.
 (A) you to (B) in the morning
 (C) I will driving (D) the station
46. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options.
 My friend Ragini / shall completed / her task/ by then.
 (A) Her task
 (B) My friend Ragini
 (C) Shall completed
 (D) by then

47. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
I can't say for sure/ what make him/ think of such an/ outrageously absured Idea.
(A) outrageously absured idea
(B) what make him
(C) think of such an
(D) I can't say for sure
48. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
This day next year / I will having a conference with / the international board / discussing the environment.
(A) I will having a conference with
(B) This day next year.
(C) discussing the environment
(D) the international board
49. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
The technician has found it/extremely difficult to fix/the error in the programme.
(A) The technician has found it
(B) extremely difficult to fix
(C) No error
(D) the error in the programme
50. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains an error.
Nandu will/leave for the airport/ as soon as / a taxi arrive.
(A) Nandu will
(B) leave for the airport
(C) as soon as
(D) a taxi arrive
51. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error.
Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
Our soldiers have being / making a clean sweep of the / sheep and poultry on the route.
(A) sheep and poultry on the route
(B) Our soldiers have being
(C) No error
(D) making a clean sweep of the
52. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
My aunt Geeta, / is knowing / my friend Rudransh / very well
(A) Is knowing
(B) My aunt Geeta
(C) Very well
(D) My friend Rudransh
53. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The report said that / people who are eat meat /are at a higher risk / of fractures.
(A) The report said that
(B) people who are eat meat
(C) of fractures
(D) are at a higher risk
54. Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
I am sure that Vasu is not going to returned the money that he owes you.
(A) I am sure (B) not going to
(C) he owes you (D) returned
55. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The lady was furious / to see that no one / were wearing masks / on the road near the shop.
(A) The lady was furious
(B) were wearing masks
(C) on the road near the shop
(D) to see that no one
56. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The president forced / to leave the country / when the people rose up against / the government.
(A) to leave the country
(B) the government
(C) The president forced
(D) when the people rose up against
57. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
Kavya didn't wanted / any help / in painting.
(A) Kavya didn't wanted
(B) in painting
(C) No error
(D) any help
58. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
Please let me know / whether you decide / to come with me.
(A) whether you decide
(B) to come with me
(C) Please let me know
(D) No error
59. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
Reva is / one of Gita's best friend / in the class.
(A) in the class
(B) one of Gita's best friend
(C) No error
(D) Reva is
60. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The mountain / seems to steep / for us / to climb.
(A) seems to steep (B) for us
(C) The mountain (D) to climb
61. Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
Rama's scores in the half-yearly examination are best than Raghu's scores.
(A) in the (B) Raghu's scores
(C) are best than (D) Rama's scores
62. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The photographer climb / the tree and took pictures / of the leopard / chasing its prey.
(A) the tree and took pictures
(B) The photographer climb
(C) of the leopard
(D) chasing its prey
63. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
He moved on the undergrowth / quickly and silently / hiding himself / from the enemy.
(A) quickly and silently
(B) hiding himself
(C) He moved on the undergrowth
(D) from the enemy

64. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Please ensure / that you covering your face / with a mask / when you go out.
(A) that you covering your face
(B) with a mask
(C) Please ensure
(D) when you go out
65. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Plants that grow / in deserts / do not requires / much water.
(A) Plants that grow
(B) much water
(C) in deserts
(D) do not requires
66. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Do you know why / a number of people / prefers to shop / online nowadays?
(A) a number of people
(B) prefers to shop
(C) Do you know why
(D) online nowadays
67. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
It was thirty minutes past six / on a early March morning / when he went out / for a walk.
(A) when he went out
(B) for a walk
(C) It was thirty minutes past six
(D) on a early March morning
68. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The children / were warned / to keep away / for the edge of the cliff.
(A) for the edge of the cliff
(B) were warned
(C) to keep away
(D) The children
69. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Banking today / in a seamless world, / make it possible for you / to access your account from any city.
(A) in a seamless world
(B) to access your account from any city
(C) Banking today
(D) make it possible for you
70. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
He is / the more intelligent / and hardworking student / of our class.
(A) the more intelligent
(B) and hardworking student
(C) of our class
(D) He is
71. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
We bought / good quality / furnitures / for our new house.
(A) for our new house
(B) furnitures
(C) good quality
(D) We bought
72. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Their dog is / more better / trained than / our dog.
(A) more better (B) trained than
(C) Their dog is (D) our dog
73. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Ravi told / his friends / that he would / return back soon.
(A) return back soon
(B) that he would
(C) his friends
(D) Ravi told
74. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
I have been / reading this book / since / two days.
(A) I have been
(B) reading this book
(C) since
(D) two days
75. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Did the police find out who break into your store?
(A) find out
(B) your store
(C) who break into
(D) Did the police
76. Parts of the given Sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
Lack of calcium in human body usually leads against several health complications.
(A) Lack of calcium
(B) in human body
(C) several health complications
(D) leads against
77. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
They would have / won the race / if they would have / run faster.
(A) They would have
(B) won the race
(C) run faster
(D) if they would have
78. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, select 'No error' as your answer.
The book must be / old for its cover / is torn bad.
(A) old for its cover
(B) is torn bad
(C) No error
(D) The book must be
79. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Each of the students were / present for / the valedictory session / that night.
(A) Each of the students were
(B) present for
(C) the valedictory session
(D) that night
80. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The teacher punished him / and told him / that he does not / need to give a clarification.
(A) need to give a clarification
(B) The teacher punished him
(C) that he does not
(D) and told him
81. Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
Go to the ninth block on the left-hand side and take a sharpest turn to reach Bunny's house on the right.
(A) Bunny's house
(B) on the right
(C) Go to the ninth block
(D) take a sharpest turn

82. The following sentence has been split into four segments that contains a grammatical error.
The road was blocked / so we had / to turn back and / find another one route.
(A) so we had
(B) to turn back and
(C) The road was blocked
(D) find another one route
83. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Has the situation / been favourable, / I would have / attended the marriage.
(A) attended the marriage
(B) Has the situation
(C) I would have
(D) been favourable
84. Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
Children are fond of eating food from Mala aunties small shop at the corner of the street.
(A) food from
(B) Mala aunties small shop
(C) are fond of
(D) at the corner
85. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Nobody were / allowed into / the containment zones / during the pandemic.
(A) the containment zones
(B) Nobody were
(C) during the pandemic
(D) allowed into
86. Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
A grand celebration in honour of a first woman gold medallist was organised by the family members.
(A) by the family members
(B) a first woman gold medalist
(C) grand celebration
(D) in honour of
87. Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
Educational institutions have been notify to open from 17th November for higher semester students who are engaged in research.
(A) have been notify
(B) are engaged
(C) for higher semester students
(D) open from
88. Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
Please stay back for Sunnys first birthday celebration at Taj West End.
(A) first birthday celebration
(B) at Taj West End
(C) Sunnys
(D) stay back
89. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Our team leader / told us to be at the work / by 9 a.m. / the next morning.
(A) by 9 a.m.
(B) the next morning
(C) Our team leader
(D) told us to be at the work
90. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Do you play / any other sports / beside of / cricket and football?
(A) any other sports
(B) cricket and football
(C) Do you play
(D) beside of
91. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
The App has been so well-developed / that it anticipate / all the customers' needs.
(A) that it anticipate
(B) No error
(C) The App has been so well- developed
(D) all the customers needs
92. Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
The Hindi question paper was extremely tougher for 7th grade students.
(A) tougher
(B) was extremely
(C) for 7th grade students
(D) The Hindu question paper
93. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Mother beat Jenny / by a stick / for going out / without permission.
(A) Mother beat Jenny
(B) by a stick
(C) without permission
(D) for going out
94. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Everyone needs / to have a home / and to feel secured / and be wanted.
(A) to have a home
(B) and to feel secured
(C) and be wanted
(D) Everyone needs
95. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, select 'No error' as your answer.
In summers, we must take care / to drink enough water / to keep ourselves hydrated.
(A) to drink enough water
(B) No error
(C) In summers we must take care
(D) to keep ourselves hydrated
96. Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
After a month-long vacation due to the sudden floods, Mani's school has been resuming today.
(A) a month- long vacation
(B) due to the sudden floods
(C) has been resuming
(D) After
97. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Why do you think / why John / refused to / marry her?
(A) marry her
(B) why John
(C) Why do you think
(D) refused to
98. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
If I will meet / my friend today, / I shall give / him this book.
(A) If I will meet
(B) him this book
(C) I shall give
(D) my friend today

99. Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
- I could not went for my sister's wedding in Rajasthan as I had my final examination at that time.
- (A) sister's wedding in Rajasthan
(B) at that time
(C) as I had
(D) could not went
100. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- The young girl's / long black hair / that reached her waist / were loosely plaited.
- (A) The young girl's
(B) were loosely plaited
(C) long black hair
(D) that reached her waist
101. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- We are all / familiar to a / use of fingerprints / in solving crimes.
- (A) familiar to a
(B) use of fingerprints
(C) in solving crimes
(D) We are all
102. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- Water/freeze at/0 degree/Celsius.
- (A) freeze at (B) Water
(C) Celsius (D) 0 degree
103. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- I am thinking/your idea will be/really appreciated/by everyone.
- (A) I am thinking
(B) by everyone
(C) your idea will be
(D) really appreciated
104. Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
- The easiest way to make pasta is to be followed Chef Kapoor's instruction on YouTube.
- (A) instructions on YouTube
(B) to be followed
(C) The easiest way
(D) make pasta
105. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- Of the two politicians, Trump and Obama, /the later/is more impressive/as an orator.
- (A) Of the two politicians, Trump and Obama
(B) the later
(C) as an orator
(D) is more impressive
106. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- The manager told/the staff to complete/all the works/before going home.
- (A) before going home
(B) the staff to complete
(C) The manager told
(D) all the works
107. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- As the moon came up/over Himalayan peaks I saw/that the road looked/like a ribbon of moonlight.
- (A) over Himalayan peaks I saw
(B) As the moon came up
(C) that the road looked
(D) like a ribbon of moonlight
108. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- A mother has/a greatest/influence/over the children.
- (A) A mother has
(B) over the children
(C) influence
(D) a greatest
109. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- The teacher/handled the/mischief child/quite easily.
- (A) quite easily
(B) mischief child
(C) The teacher
(D) handled the
110. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- Treasure Island is/always been/my favourite book/right from my childhood days.
- (A) my favourite book
(B) right from my childhood days
(C) Treasure Island is
(D) always been
111. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
- Rajeev has/extended his leave/at one more week.
- (A) No error
(B) at one more week
(C) extended his leave
(D) Rajeev has
112. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- Here into/the main campus of the hospital/ comes the trained doctors/led by the Principal.
- (A) the main campus of the hospital
(B) comes the trained doctors
(C) Here into
(D) led by the Principal
113. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- One or the other/of those men have/stolen my/grandfather's umbrella.
- (A) One or the other
(B) of those men have
(C) grandfather's umbrella
(D) stolen my
114. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
- Millions of people/have been protected/ from polio by a fluid/called as a vaccine.
- (A) have been protected
(B) called as a vaccine
(C) from polio by a fluid
(D) Millions of people
115. The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer. Do you mind/whether I use/your telephone/
- (A) Do you mind (B) your telephone
(C) No error (D) whether I use
116. Select the option that will improve the underlined part of the given sentence. In case no improvement is needed, select 'No improvement required'.
- Reading not only helps to pass the leisure hours as well as keeps you well informed.
- (A) No improvement required

- (B) along with
(C) but also
(D) and even
- 117.** The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Beside doing the laundry,/Rakesh helped her/in cooking also/when she was ill.
(A) when she was ill
(B) in cooking also
(C) Beside doing the laundry
(D) Rakesh helped her
- 118.** The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
I decided to/sang a song/in the interschool/song competition.
(A) in the interschool
(B) song competition
(C) sang a song
(D) I decided to
- 119.** The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, select 'No error' as your answer.
He walked so fastly/that I could not/keep pace with him.
(A) He walked so fastly
(B) keep pace with him
(C) No error
(D) that I could not
- 120.** The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
People vary greatly/on the way/they appear and/in their personality traits.
(A) they appear and
(B) on the way
(C) in their personality traits
(D) People vary greatly
- 121.** The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Research in the medical field/claims that German measles/usually cause milder/infection than Martian measles.
(A) infection than Martian measles
(B) claims that German measles
(C) Research in the medical field
(D) usually cause milder
- 122.** The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Last month,/we purchased/electronic equipments from/a European country.
(A) we purchased
(B) a European country
(C) electronic equipments from
(D) Last month
- 123.** The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
I prevailed/upto him/to join/our team.
(A) our team
(B) to join
(C) upto him
(D) I prevailed
- 124.** The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
Mr. Sharma is one of/the best teacher/I have ever seen.
(A) the best teacher
(B) I have ever seen
(C) Mr. Sharma is one of
(D) No error
- 125.** The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
When I got back/to the flat,/I found that/I was locked out.
(A) When I got back
(B) I was locked out
(C) to the flat
(D) I found that
- 126.** The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Fortunately,/the fire did not/caused much damage/to the building.
(A) caused much damage
(B) Fortunately
(C) to the building
(D) the fire did not
- 127.** The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The children were/bubbling with excitement/at the thought of/seeing sea.
(A) bubbling with excitement
(B) seeing sea
(C) The children were
(D) at the thought of
- 128.** The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
By this time tomorrow/we will have/reached to Delhi.
(A) By this time tomorrow
(B) No error
(C) we will have
(D) reached to Delhi
- 129.** The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Its matter of great concern/for the authorities that/despite all the efforts,/the number of patients is increasing.
(A) despite all the efforts
(B) the number of patients is increasing
(C) for the authorities that
(D) Its matter of great concern
- 130.** Parts of the given sentence have been given as options. One of them contains a grammatical error. Select the option that has the error.
Pray to the Almighty God with utmost devotion and help the needy and poored people.
(A) with utmost devotion
(B) help the needy
(C) poored people
(D) to the Almighty God
- 131.** The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, select 'No error' as your answer.
Jyoti is one of/the best police officer/in this town.
(A) the best police officer
(B) Jyoti is one of
(C) in this town
(D) No error
- 132.** The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
I will/be in school/for/7 a.m. to 2 p.m.
(A) 7 a.m. to 2 p.m.
(B) for
(C) be in school
(D) I will
- 133.** The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
She left/hers umbrella/at the office.
(A) at the office
(B) She left
(C) No error
(D) hers umbrella

134. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Mohan told to/Sagar that he/was looking/very pale.
(A) Sagar that he
(B) was looking
(C) very pale
(D) Mohan told to
135. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The examinations/will be pushed back/so that candidates get additional time/for prepare.
(A) The examinations
(B) will be pushed back
(C) for prepare
(D) so that candidates get additional time
136. The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
Laughing for about ten minutes/ continuous each day/ is supposed to be / good for your health.
(A) good for your health
(B) is supposed to be
(C) continuous each day
(D) Laughing for about ten minutes
137. Identify the segment in the sentence which contains a grammatical error.
Tajaswin, the Indian sportsman, is leading the anti-race cause in the US.
(A) Tejaswin, the Indian sportsman
(B) the anti-race cause
(C) in the US
(D) is leading
138. Identify the segment in the sentence which contains the grammatical error.
This coffee is not available in any of the shop in the neighbourhood market.
(A) not available in
(B) in the neighbourhood market
(C) any of the shop
(D) This coffee is
139. Identify the segment in the sentence which contains the grammatical error.
It is not possible to discuss anything with her because of her angry.
(A) possible to discuss
(B) anything with her
(C) because of her angry
(D) It is not
140. In the following question, some part of the sentence may have errors. Find out which part of the sentence has an error and select the appropriate option. If the sentence is free from error, select 'No Error'.
We need to understand access control systems and (1)/methodology, telecommunication and network (2)/security, and security managing practice. (3)/No Error (4).
(A) 1 (B) 2
(C) 3 (D) 4
141. In the following question, some part of the sentence may have errors. Find out which part of the sentence has an error and select the appropriate option. If the sentence is free from error, select 'No Error'.
Mathematics increasingly revealed truths itself (1)/ that utterly confounded the (2)/ expectations of philosophers. (3)/ No Error (4).
(A) 1 (B) 2
(C) 3 (D) 4
142. Identify the segment in the sentence which contains a grammatical error.
Playing in the park is one of the thing that small children really love.
(A) in the park
(B) really love
(C) that small children
(D) one of the thing
143. The given sentence contains a grammatical error. Identify the segment that contains the error.
The man whose sitting at the corner table is my uncle.
(A) whose sitting
(B) is my uncle
(C) at the corner table
(D) The man
144. The given sentence contains a grammatical error. Identify the segment that contains the error.
There is no one else in this house; I can feel the presence.
(A) in this house
(B) there is
(C) i can feel the presence
(D) no one else
145. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error. If there is no error, select 'No error'.
It was her who represented our school in the interschool debate competition.
(A) in the interschool debate competition
(B) No error
(C) it was her
(D) who represented our school
146. Identify the segment in the sentence which contains the grammatical error.
I have no doubt/that Girish is/one of the most intelligent student/ in the entire district.
(A) that Girish is
(B) in the entire district
(C) I have no doubt
(D) one of the most intelligent student
147. Identify the segment in the sentence which contains the grammatical error.
David and me are brothers but from different mothers.
(A) but from
(B) different mothers
(C) David and me
(D) are brothers
148. Find the part of the given sentence that has an error in it. If there is no error, choose 'No error'.
It was not possible/for we/to understand her. /No error.
(A) for we
(B) to understand her
(C) It was not possible
(D) No error
149. Identify the segment in the sentence which contains a grammatical error.
If there had not been such a long queue I could have returned back by 11 am.
(A) I could have returned back
(B) If there had not been
(C) such a long queue
(D) by 11 am
150. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.
The flood situation in the eastern region of the country remain grim for the fifth day today.
(A) remain grim
(B) of the country
(C) for the fifth day
(D) the flood situation
151. Identify the segment in the sentence which contains a grammatical error.
He stopped copying when the examiner warn him.
(A) warn him
(B) copying
(C) he stopped
(D) when the examiner

Solutions

1. (A) cause by the virus की जगह caused by the virus का प्रयोग होगा।
An anomaly caused by the virus का अर्थ है वायरस के कारण होने वाली विसंगति।
2. (C) "Hitler concentration camps" के स्थान पर 'Hitler's concentration camps' (Possession) का प्रयोग उचित होगा।
Concentration Camp: a type of prison where political prisoners etc. are kept in extremely bad condition.
अतः विकल्प (C) सही है।
3. (A) who stole की जगह केवल stole (V₂) का प्रयोग होगा। who का प्रयोग अनावश्यक है।
4. (B) रिक्त स्थान में 'interact' का प्रयोग होगा।
interact act in such a way as to have effect on each other (परस्पर प्रभाव डालना)
अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
5. (B) 'have bothered' में त्रुटि है। इसके स्थान पर 'has bothered' का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि subject (the speech) singular है।
अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
6. (D) 'She is equal proficient' में त्रुटि है। यहाँ दो adjectives को एक-साथ रखा गया है। यहाँ equal (Adjective) और Proficient (Adjective) दोनों adjectives हैं। equally (adverb) Proficient (adjective) सही होगा।
अतः विकल्प (D) सही है।
7. (C) 'at Delhi' के स्थान पर 'in Delhi' का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि 'at' (Preposition) का प्रयोग छोटी जगहों के लिए होता है और 'in' का प्रयोग बड़े शहरों या जगहों के लिए होता है।
अतः विकल्प (C) सही है।
8. (D) 'was red letter day' में त्रुटि है। 'red letter day' से पहले article 'a' का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि Day, Countable + Singular Noun है। इसलिए article का प्रयोग आवश्यक है।
a red letter day—a day that is pleasantly noteworthy or memorable.
अतः विकल्प (D) सही है।
9. (C) isn't it के स्थान पर won't you का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि Positive Statement में जो Aux. V. प्रयोग हुआ है, वह will है। उसका tag will not होगा और उसे won't लिखा जायेगा।
अतः विकल्प (C) सही है।
10. (B) I had take a vow की जगह I had taken a vow होगा, क्योंकि वाक्य की main clause, Past perfect Tense में है। अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
Calibacy—कौमार्यव्रत, बृहन्नचर्य।
11. (C) walk along the की जगह was walking along the का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि past में टहलने की क्रिया हो रही थी।
12. (D) and the neighbours complain की जगह and the neighbours complained का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि वाक्य Past tense का है।
13. (B) Sam shall went to की जगह Sam shall go to का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि सभी modal verb के साथ verb की First form आती है।
14. (D) Sunita had been running की जगह Sunita has been running का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि वाक्य present perfect continuous का है। वाक्य का sense है कि Sunita ने पिछले 3 वर्षों पूर्व Hostels चलाना शुरू किया अभी भी चल रहा है।
15. (A) eating की जगह ate (v₂) का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य Simple past tense में है।
16. (D) If you will की जगह If you का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य open conditional है। ऐसे वाक्यों से condition (शर्त) पूरी भी हो सकती है और नहीं भी। केवल possibility का sense (भाव) व्यक्त होता है। ऐसे वाक्यों में main clause को simple future तथा If clause को simple present में रखा जाता है। दोनों clause को simple future में प्रयोग करना अशुद्ध है।
17. (B) was brought की जगह brought का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य simple past का है।
18. (D) are attended की जगह attend का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य simple present tense का है।
19. (A) 'We are all tired' के स्थान पर 'We are all tired' का प्रयोग होगा। अतः विकल्प (A) सही है।
20. (B) to have believe की जगह to have believed का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य में perfect infinitive का प्रयोग होगा न कि Simple Infinitive का।
21. (A) रेखांकित शब्द 'tastes' की जगह taste का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि subordinate clause का subject, sugar and honey, plural number में है। अतः verb भी plural आएगी।
22. (B) दिए गए वाक्य में acquired की spelling अशुद्ध है। शुद्ध spelling है—acquired (उपार्जित, अर्जित)
● Resistance—बाधा प्रतिरोध।
● Mutation—दाखिलखारिज, नाम परिवर्तन।
23. (D) to meeting की जगह to meet का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि to अपने बाद Infinitive लेता है न कि gerund। यहाँ to meet, क्रिया (verb) visit का Object है।
24. (B) No error
[वाक्य Grammer की दृष्टि से सही है]
25. (B) was की जगह were होगा क्योंकि subject animals plural number में है अतः verb भी plural number में होगी।
26. (B) What does kangaroos की जगह what do kangaroos eat का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि auxiliary verb अपने subject के अनुसार प्रयुक्त की जाएगी और वाक्य subject kangaroos है—plural अतः verb की plural होगी।
27. (A) No error
[वाक्य Grammer की दृष्टि से सही है]
वाक्य से Future time का बोध होता है।
28. (A) the old man think की जगह the old man thought होगा क्योंकि वाक्य में दी गई auxiliary verb 'was' से past tense का होना है।
29. (D) Poured the contents की जगह pour the contents का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि and (connective) के पूर्व open (v₁) का प्रयोग किया गया है। अतः and के बाद भी verb की first form आयेगी।
30. (C) warrior have been one की जगह warrior has been one का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य की Subject—Shield, singular है।

31. (C) he was going to Goa की जगह he is going to Goa का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य present tense का है।
32. (B) She picks की जगह she picked का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य का Structure past tense का है। Pick का अर्थ है—व्यक्तियों या वस्तुओं के समूह में चुनना, चयन करना या छँटना।
33. (B) Or, will not be let you stay in the class की जगह or I will not let you stay in the class का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्यांश में be का प्रयोग meaningless है। Let एक transitive verb है जिसका अर्थ है—किसी व्यक्ति या वस्तु को कुछ करने देना।
34. (B) When you travelling with us की जगह when you travel with us का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य open conditional है। जिसमें condition पूरी हो भी सकती है और नहीं भी।
35. (B) had practicing on की जगह had practiced का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य की reporting verb, past में है। अतः RS-clause, past perfect tense में होगी।
36. (B) Preparing a cup of tea की जगह prepare का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि preparing के पूर्व 'to' आया जिससे infinitive (to + v₁) form का प्रयोग होता है।
37. (A) I will waiting my exam की जगह I will write my exam का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि will अर्थात् modal verbs के बाद verb की first form का प्रयोग की जाती है।
38. (A) we having at our disposal की जगह we have at our disposal का प्रयोग होगा। have से possession का बोध होता है।
39. (B) They have की जगह केवल they का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य present indefinite का है न कि Present Perfect tense का ऐसे वाक्यों से habit (आदत) या action (कार्य) के बार-बार होने का बोध होता है।
40. (C) Knowledge of English are की जगह knowledge of English is का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य का subject (कर्ता) knowledge एक uncountable noun अर्थात् singular है। अतः verb की singular number की होगी।
41. (D) look (v₁) की looks का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य का subject (कर्ता) patient singular है। अतः verb की singular number की होगी। वाक्य 5-5/p-p के rule पर आधारित है।
42. (B) he had want की जगह he had wanted का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य indirect speech में है। Rule यह है कि यदि Rv – past में है और Rs वाली Clause simple past में है तो वह past perfect में change हो जाएगी। अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
43. (D) helped me की जगह help me का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि सभी Modal verb के बाद verb की first form का प्रयोग होता है।
44. (A) They are arriving की जगह they arrive का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि open condition है। इसमें If या when clause, present में तथा main clause, future में होता है।
45. (C) I will driving की जगह I will drop का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य verb से सम्बन्धित त्रुटि है।
• Drop—वाहन आदि से किसी को कहीं छोड़ना।
46. (C) Shall completed की जगह shall complete का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि modal verb के बाद verb की first form का प्रयोग होता है।
47. (B) What make him की जगह what makes him का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य s-s-/p-p के rule पर आधारित है।
For sure— निसन्देह, बिना शक [without doubt]
48. (A) I will having a conference with की जगह I will have a conference का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि have continuous form में प्रयुक्त नहीं होता है।
49. (C) No error.
[वाक्य Grammar की दृष्टि से सही है।]
50. (D) a taxi arrive की जगह a taxi arrives का प्रयोग होगा। ऐसे वाक्यों से time का बोध होता है। और future time का भाव होता है।
• you will pass if you work hard
• we shall notify me as soon as he arrives.
51. (B) Our soilders have being की जगह one soilders have been का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य से present perfect continuous का बोध होता है। इसका structure निम्नवत् है— [sub + have/has + been + v₁ + ing + obj. + since/ for + time] It has been raining since monday.
52. (A) In knowing की जगह knows का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि know (verb of thinking) continuous form प्रयुक्त ही होती है।
53. (B) people who are eat meat की जगह people who eat meat का प्रयोग होगा। Relative clause - who का antecedent (पूर्ववर्ती) people है जोकि plural है। अतः इसके लिए verb भी plural (eat) प्रयुक्त की जायेगी।
54. (D) शब्द 'returned' (V₃) की जगह infinitive (to + V₁) का प्रयोग होगा। To return - वापस करना, लौटना।
55. (B) were wearing masks की जगह was wearing masks का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि that clause का subject, no one, singular है। अतः इसके लिए verb भी singular प्रयुक्त की जाएगी।
56. (C) the president forced की जगह the president was forced का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य passive structure का है, क्योंकि president ने 'मजबूर' नहीं किया बल्कि स्वयं उसे देश छोड़ने के लिए मजबूर होना पड़ा।
57. (A) Kavya didn't wanted की जगह Kavya didn't want का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि did के बाद verb की first form का प्रयोग किया जाता है।
58. (A) whether you decide की जगह if you decided का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य conditional sentence है।
59. (B) one of Gita's best friend की जगह one of Gita's friends का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि one of के बाद plural noun का प्रयोग किया जाता है।
60. (A) seems to steep की जगह seems too steep का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य too - to के structure पर आधारित है। steep = बहुत अधिक चढ़ाव या उतार वाली पहाड़ी या पहाड़, लगभग लंब के समान सीधा खड़ा।
61. (C) are best than की जगह better than का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि वाक्य में Rama और Raghu के scores का comparison किया गया है।
62. (B) the photographer climb की जगह the photographer climbed का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य past indefinite tense का है अतः verb की second form आयेगी।

63. (C) He moved on the undergrowth की जगह He moved on undergrowth का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य में Article से सम्बन्धित त्रुटि है।
undergrowth (N) = A man of bushes, small trees and plants especially growing under the trees in a forest (झाड़-झंखाड़) छोटा सा जंगल या वन।
64. (A) that you covering your face की जगह cover your face का प्रयोग होगा।
ensure के बाद infinitive (to + V₁) का प्रयोग होता है।
65. (D) do not requires की जगह do not require का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि do not या does not के बाद verb की first form का प्रयोग होता है।
66. (B) prefers to shop की जगह prefer to shop का प्रयोग होगा। A number of = several.
A number of को plural माना जाता है तथा उसके साथ plural verb का प्रयोग होता है।
67. (D) on a early March morning की जगह on an early March morning का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि वाक्य में Article से सम्बन्धित त्रुटि है।
68. (A) 'for the edge of the cliff' की जगह 'from the edge of the cliff' होगा। यहाँ पर keep away के बाद 'from' Preposition का प्रयोग होगा जोकि cliff से दूर रहने के लिए है।
अतः विकल्प (A) सही है।
69. (D) 'make it possible for you' के स्थान पर 'makes it possible for you' होगा, क्योंकि यहाँ Subject 'Banking' singular noun है इसलिए make में 's' का प्रयोग होगा।
अतः विकल्प (D) सही है।
70. (A) यहाँ comparative degree 'more' नहीं अपितु 'most' का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि वाक्य यहाँ पर superlative degree का अर्थ रखता है।
अतः विकल्प (A) सही है।
71. (B) 'furnitures' के स्थान पर furniture आएगा। यह uncountable noun है जिसके साथ s/es नहीं आते।
अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
72. (A) more better की जगह much better आयेगा।
अतः विकल्प (A) सही है।
73. (A) return के बाद back का use नहीं करते return के अन्दर Already 'back' का अर्थ समाहित होता है।
अतः विकल्प (A) सही है।
74. (C) since के स्थान पर for आयेगा, क्योंकि यहाँ अनिश्चित समय है।
अतः विकल्प (C) सही है।
75. (C) 'break into' के स्थान पर 'broke into' होगा चूँकि वाक्य यहाँ Past Indefinite में है।
अतः विकल्प (C) सही है।
76. (D) leads के बाद Preposition 'to' का प्रयोग होता है। इसलिए against के स्थान पर 'to' आयेगा।
अतः विकल्प (D) सही है।
77. (D) 'if they would run faster' के स्थान पर 'if they had run faster' आएगा, क्योंकि if वाले clause में (if + sub + had + v₃) का प्रयोग होता है।
अतः विकल्प (D) सही है।
78. (B) 'is torn bad' के स्थान पर 'is torn badly' होगा, चूँकि 'bad' एक adjective है और यहाँ पर 'badly' Adverb का प्रयोग होगा।
अतः विकल्प (B) रिक्त स्थान में सही है।
79. (A) 'were' की जगह 'was' आयेगा, क्योंकि यहाँ sub 'each' है जो कि singular है।
अतः विकल्प (A) सही है।
80. (C) चूँकि वाक्य Past Indefinite में है 'he does not' के स्थान पर 'he did not' का प्रयोग होगा।
अतः विकल्प (C) सही है।
81. (D) take a sharpest turn के स्थान पर take the sharp turn का प्रयोग होगा।
अतः विकल्प (D) सही होगा।
82. (D) find another one route में से one का प्रयोग Superfluous है। 'another one' के स्थान पर सिर्फ 'another' आएगा।
अतः विकल्प (D) सही है।
83. (B) 'Has' की जगह 'Had' का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि 'would have' का प्रयोग past में किसी कार्य के न होने पर किया जाता है। (Had + Sub + V₂) इसका उचित क्रम है।
अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
84. (B) 'Mala aunties small shop' के स्थान पर Mala Aunty's small shop होगा। apostrophe (s) का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि यहाँ possession का बोध है।
अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
85. (B) 'Nobody were' के स्थान पर 'Nobody was' होगा, क्योंकि nobody एक singular subject की तरह treat किया जाता है।
अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
86. (B) first से पहले a का नहीं परंतु definite Article 'the' का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि first woman gold medalist definite (निश्चित) है।
अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
87. (A) 'notify' के स्थान पर notified का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि दिया गया वाक्य Passive voice में है अतः been के बाद notified का प्रयोग होगा।
अतः विकल्प (A) सही है।
88. (C) Sunnys के स्थान पर Sunny's का प्रयोग सही है, क्योंकि Sunny के Noun case में 's' का प्रयोग अर्थपूर्ण होगा।
अतः विकल्प (C) सही है।
89. (D) 'at the work' के स्थान पर 'at work' का प्रयोग सही है, क्योंकि यहाँ work specific नहीं है तो 'the' का प्रयोग गलत होगा।
अतः विकल्प (D) सही है।
90. (D) दिये गये वाक्य में beside of के स्थान पर besides का प्रयोग होगा।
besides - के अतिरिक्त
अतः विकल्प (D) सही है।
91. (A) 'anticipate' के स्थान पर 'anticipates' का प्रयोग सही है, क्योंकि उपर्युक्त वाक्य में 'app' singular subject है तथा Present Indefinite tense में It के साथ verb की 1st form में s / es आता है।
अतः विकल्प (A) सही है।
92. (A) tougher के स्थान पर tough का प्रयोग सही है, क्योंकि extremely के बाद Adjective की Positive degree का प्रयोग किया जाता है।
अतः विकल्प (A) सही है।
93. (B) by के स्थान पर Preposition 'with' का प्रयोग सही है, क्योंकि जब कोई कार्य किसी Instrument (वस्तु) की सहायता से किया जाता है तो preposition 'with' का प्रयोग करते हैं। जैसे—He cut the tree with an axe.
अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
94. (B) 'and to feel secured' के स्थान पर "and feel secured" का प्रयोग सही होगा, क्योंकि and से पूर्व to का प्रयोग किया जा चुका है पुनः to का प्रयोग superfluous हो जाएगा।
अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।

95. (B) वाक्य grammatically त्रुटिरहित है अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
96. (C) has been resuming के स्थान पर resumes का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि resume का प्रयोग Indefinite tense तथा Perfect Tense में किया जाएगा तभी यह अर्थपूर्ण होगा।
अतः विकल्प (C) सही है।
97. (B) why John के स्थान पर that John का प्रयोग सही है, क्योंकि यहाँ Principal clause व subordinate clause that से connect होंगे।
अथवा जब वाक्य प्रश्नवाचक शब्द से शुरू हो तो साधारणतः दो वाक्यों को that conjunction की सहायता से जोड़ते हैं।
अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
98. (A) If I will meet के स्थान पर If I meet का प्रयोग सही है क्योंकि 'If' से शुरू होने वाला वाक्य (conditional sentence) Present Indefinite tense में प्रयोग किया जाता है जिसका structure निम्नवत् है (if + Present Indefinite Tense, Future Indefinite Tense).
अतः विकल्प (A) सही है।
99. (D) went के स्थान पर go का प्रयोग सही है, क्योंकि modal vowels के बाद V₁ का प्रयोग होता है।
(sub + modal auxiliary + V₁ + other words)
अतः विकल्प (D) सही है।
100. (B) 'were' के स्थान पर 'was' का प्रयोग सही होगा क्योंकि was का प्रयोग singular noun के रूप में किया जाता है।
Note - Han, Sheep, Deer इत्यादि Singular या Plural दोनों में प्रयोग किये जा सकते हैं।
अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
101. (A) 'to a' के स्थान पर 'with the' का प्रयोग सही होगा। familiar के साथ fixed preposition 'with' का प्रयोग होता है।
अतः विकल्प (A) सही है।
102. (A) freeze at की जगह freezes at का प्रयोग होगा। water एक uncountable noun है जो कि singular है। अतः इसके लिए singular verb आएगी।
103. (A) I am thinking की जगह I think का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि verbs of senses/emotion/possessing/thinking का प्रयोग सामान्यतः Continuous Tense में नहीं किया जाता है।
104. (B) to be followed की जगह। to follow का प्रयोग होगा। Auxiliary verb 'is' के बाद (to + v₁ i.e infinitive) का प्रयोग होगा।
105. (B) the later की जगह the latter का प्रयोग होगा। the latter = पिछला या परवर्ती।
106. (D) all the works की जगह all the work का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि work एक uncountable है। work = काम, नौकरी (विशेषतः धनार्जन के लिए), नौकरी करने की जगह, कार्य-स्थल (दफ्तर या फैक्टरी आदि)।
107. (A) over Himalayan peaks I saw की जगह over the Himalayan peaks I saw का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य में article सम्बन्धी त्रुटि है।
108. (D) a greatest की जगह the greatest का प्रयोग होगा। Superlative degree वाले Adjectives के पहले definite Article 'the' आता है।
109. (B) mischief child की जगह mischievous (Adj.) का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि mischief एक noun है और एक Noun किसी दूसरे Noun की विशेषता नहीं बताता है।
110. (C) Treasure Island is की जगह Treasure Island has का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य Present Perfect Tense का है।
111. (B) at one more week की जगह for one more week का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य में Preposition सम्बन्धी त्रुटि है।
112. (B) comes the trained doctors की जगह come the trained doctors का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि doctors plural है। अतः plural verb 'come' (v₁) आयेगी।
(यहाँ अस्पताल के मुख्य परिसर में प्रिंसिपल के नेतृत्व में प्रशिक्षित डॉक्टर आते हैं।)
113. (B) 'those men have' के स्थान पर 'these men has' का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि subj. one of or the other singular है।
114. (B) called as a vaccine की जगह called a vaccine का प्रयोग होगा। a vaccine के पूर्व 'as' का प्रयोग अनावश्यक है।
115. (D) whether I use की जगह If I use का प्रयोग होगा
whether - ask, doubt, know आदि क्रियाओं के बाद प्रयुक्त होता है।
If-यदि, अगर, शर्त, अनुमान या कल्पना का भाव व्यक्त करने के लिए प्रयुक्त।
116. (C) as well as की जगह but also का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य not only - but also के structure पर आधारित है।
117. (C) Beside doing the laundry की जगह Besides doing the laundry का प्रयोग होगा। Besides-in addition to or as well as so/also (अतिरिक्त, के साथ, भी)।
118. (C) sang a song की जगह sing a song का प्रयोग होगा। To के बाद verb की base form आती है।
119. (A) He walked so fastly की जगह He walked so fast का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि fastly कोई शब्द नहीं होता बल्कि fast (Adj.) होता है जिसका अर्थ है-Quickly (तेज, तेज गति से)।
120. (B) on the way की जगह in the way का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य में Preposition से सम्बन्धित त्रुटि है।
121. (D) usually cause milder की जगह usually causes milder का प्रयोग होगा। शब्द measles (खसरा) देखने में plural संज्ञा है किन्तु उसके साथ singular verb प्रयुक्त होती है।
122. (C) electronic equipments from की जगह electronic equipment from का प्रयोग होगा। यह Noun ऐसे होते हैं जिन्हें plural नहीं बनाया जा सकता है- equipment, furniture, luggage, information, advice, electricity आदि।
123. (C) upto him की जगह on या upon him का प्रयोग होगा। prevail on/upon means to successfully convince someone to do something.
124. (A) the best teacher की जगह the best teachers का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि one of, each of, either of आदि के बाद noun plural form में प्रयुक्त किया जाता है।
125. (B) I was locked out की जगह it was locked out का प्रयोग होगा, flat को locked किया गया था न कि व्यक्ति को।
126. (A) caused much damage की जगह cause much damage का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि did के बाद verb की base form का प्रयोग होता है।
127. (B) seeing sea की जगह seeing the sea का प्रयोग होगा वाक्य में Article से सम्बन्धित त्रुटि है।

128. (D) reached to Delhi की जगह reached Delhi का प्रयोग होगा। 'reach' के बाद Preposition 'To' का प्रयोग नहीं होता।
129. (D) Its matter of great concern की जगह It's/It is a matter of great concern का प्रयोग होगा।
- Its का अर्थ है— belonging to a thing (किसी व्यक्ति का या उससे सम्बन्धित)
 - It's, It is या It has का संक्षिप्त रूप है। अतः विकल्प (D) सही है।
130. (C) poored people की जगह poor people का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य में Adjective (विशेषण) सम्बन्धी त्रुटि है।
131. (A) the best police officer की जगह the best police officers का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि one of के बाद plural noun का प्रयोग किया जाता है।
132. (B) 'for' की जगह from का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य from-to के structure पर आधारित है। (7 बजे से 2 बजे तक)। अतः वाक्य में preposition सम्बन्धी त्रुटि है।
133. (D) hers umbrella की जगह her umbrella का प्रयोग होगा। वाक्य में umbrella के पूर्व possessive pronoun के बदले possessive adjective आयेगा।
134. (D) Mohan told to की जगह Mohan told का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि tell (V₁) एक transitive verb है जो अपने पश्चात् preposition नहीं लेती है।
135. (C) for prepare की जगह for preparation का प्रयोग होगा। किसी भी preposition के पूर्व या बाद में Noun का प्रयोग किया जाता है।
136. (C) Continuous के स्थान पर continuously का प्रयोग होगा, जोकि Adverb है। अतः विकल्प (C) सही है।
137. (B) दिए गए वाक्य में 'race' के स्थान पर 'racism' होगा।
Racism का अर्थ है—नस्लवाद।
अतः विकल्प (B) सही है।
138. (C) 'any of the shop' के स्थान पर any of the shops का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि any of के बाद plural noun का प्रयोग होता है।
139. (C) because of her angry की जगह because of her anger का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि angry एक adjective है, और यहाँ noun का प्रयोग होगा।
140. (C) 'Security Managing practice' के स्थान पर 'security managing system' का प्रयोग होगा।
141. (A) truths के स्थान पर 'truth' का प्रयोग होगा।
142. (D) दिए गए वाक्य में 'one of the thing' के स्थान पर 'one of the things' आएगा। क्योंकि बहुत सारी चीजों में से एक को चुना है इसलिए plural का प्रयोग होगा।
143. (A) दिए गए वाक्य में 'whose' का प्रयोग अनावश्यक है 'whose' sitting की जगह केवल sitting का प्रयोग होगा। (कोने की मेज पर बैठा हुआ आदमी मेरा चाचा है)।
144. (D) दिए गए वाक्य में 'no one else' का प्रयोग त्रुटिपूर्ण है क्योंकि no one का अर्थ है—कोई नहीं, जोकि वाक्य के दूसरे भाग को contradict करता है। अतः 'no one' के स्थान पर 'someone' आएगा।
145. (C) दिए गए वाक्य में 'It was her' के स्थान पर 'It was she' होगा क्योंकि जब complement, Pronoun हो तो Verb 'to be' के बाद Subjective form का प्रयोग होता है।
146. (D) 'one of the most intelligent student' के स्थान पर one of the most intelligent students का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि one of, each of, either of, neither of के बाद plural noun / pronoun का प्रयोग किया जाता है।
147. (C) David and me के स्थान पर David and I का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि and के बाद Subjective case का pronoun प्रयोग होगा न कि objective case का।
148. (A) 'for we' के स्थान पर 'for us' का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि किसी भी Preposition के बाद objective case के Noun/Pronoun का प्रयोग होता है। अतः विकल्प (A) सही है।
149. (A) दिए गए वाक्य में 'returned back' में त्रुटि है। क्योंकि return में ही back शब्द का अर्थ निहित है। अतः 'back' का प्रयोग अनावश्यक है।
150. (A) वाक्य में remain grim का प्रयोग flood situation के लिए किया गया है इसलिए यहाँ singular verb आएगी अर्थात् 'remains grim' का प्रयोग होगा।
151. (C) दिए गए वाक्य में 'warn him' के स्थान पर 'warned him' आएगा। क्योंकि वाक्य से past tense का बोध होता है।

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